

ASTR 1040: Stars & Galaxies



Pleiades Star Cluster

Prof. Juri Toomre TAs: Daniel Segal, Max Weiner
Lecture 9 Tues 11Feb 2020
zeus.colorado.edu/astr1040-toomre

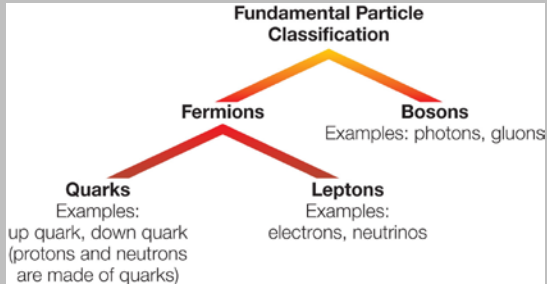
Topics for Today and Thurt+

- Revisit solar magnetism and its cycles
- Use of supercomputers to simulate dynamics within the Sun
- Effects of solar magnetism on Earth
- What can we measure in other stars?
- How do we begin to classify other stars?
- Why temperature and spectral lines are closely linked in classifying stars O B A...M

Logistics

- Overview read **Chap 15: Surveying the Stars**
- **Review Session Wed (tomorrow) 6-8pm here (G130) -- Max Weiner**
- **Mid-Term Exam 1 Thurs in class (see rules in Review Set #1, still available)**
- **Homework #3 (+answers) returned today**


Recitation last week: S4.1 and S4.2



Fundamental Particle Classification

- Fermions**
 - Quarks**
Examples: up quark, down quark (protons and neutrons are made of quarks)
 - Leptons**
Examples: electrons, neutrinos
- Bosons**
Examples: photons, gluons

A proton is composed of 2 up quarks (u) and 1 down quark (d).
A neutron is composed of 1 up quark (u) and 2 down quarks (d).

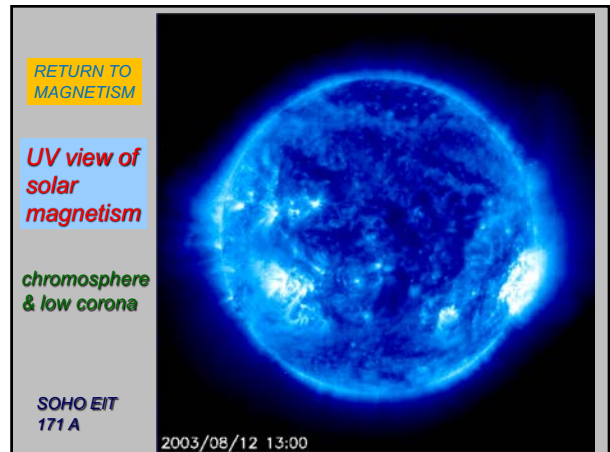
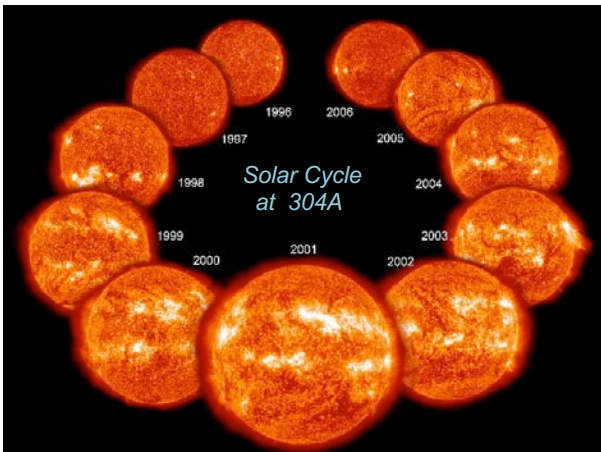
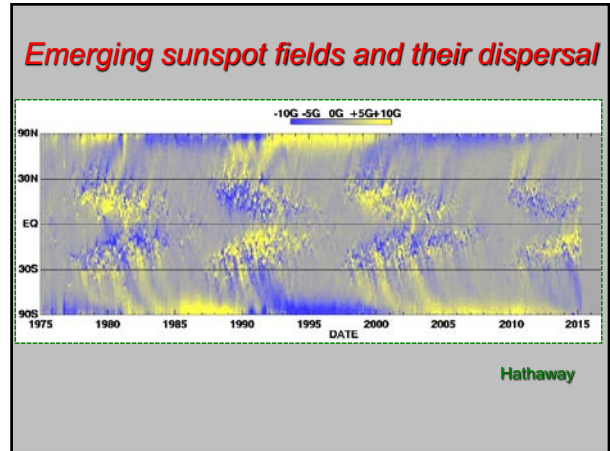
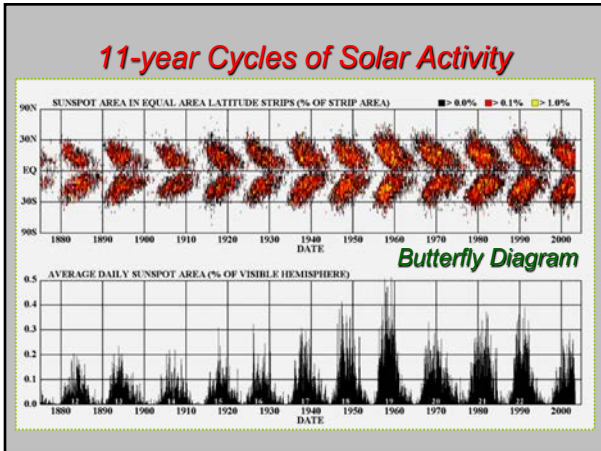
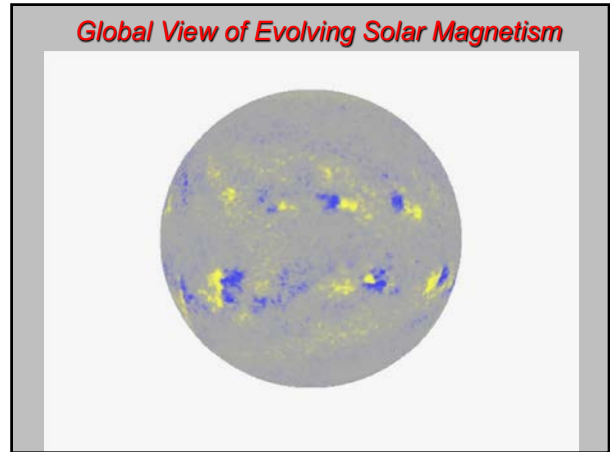
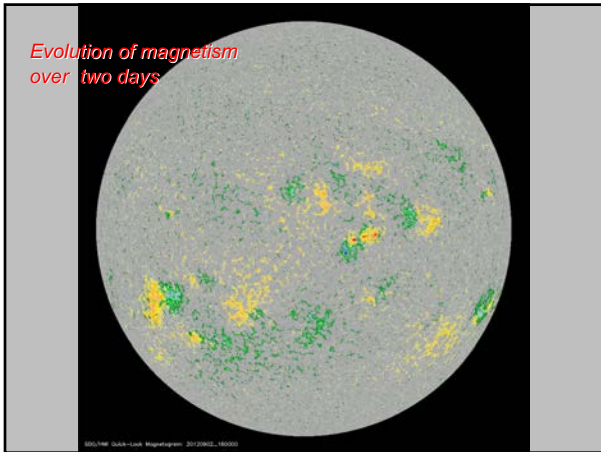


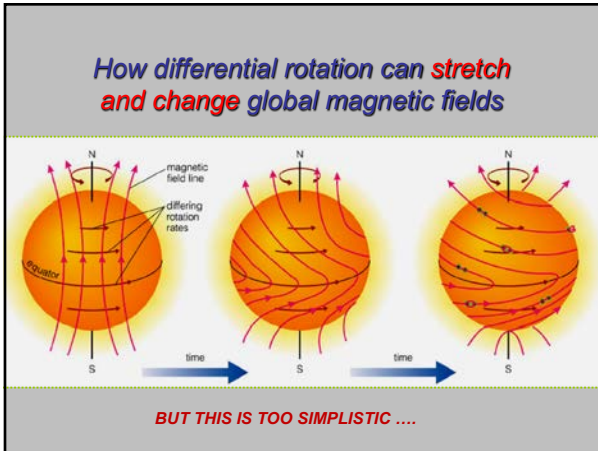
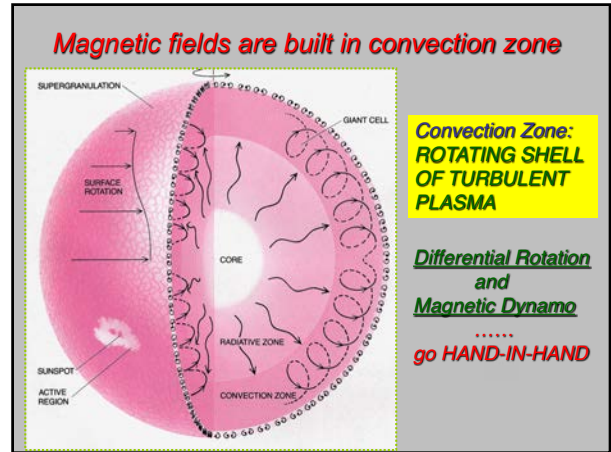
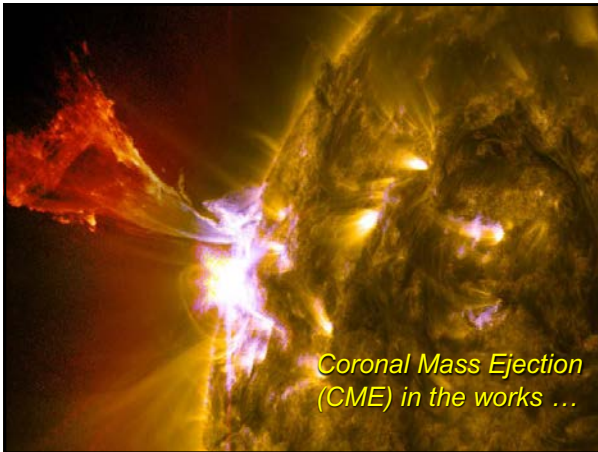
Total charge:
 $+\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = +1$

Total charge:
 $+\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = 0$

TABLE S4.1 Fundamental Fermions

The Quarks	The Leptons
Up	Electron
Down	Electron neutrino
Strange	Muon
Charmed	Muon neutrino
Top	Tauon
Bottom	Tau neutrino



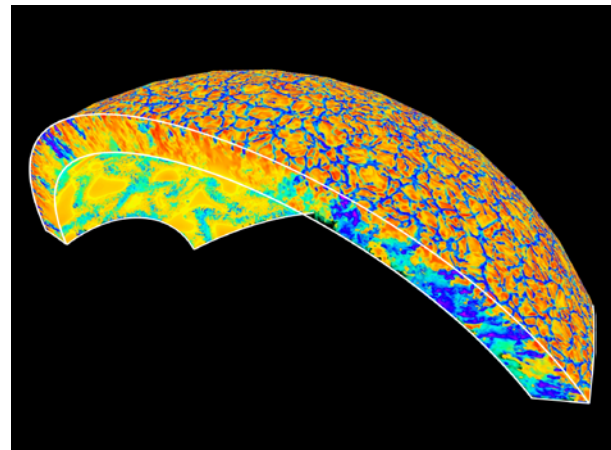


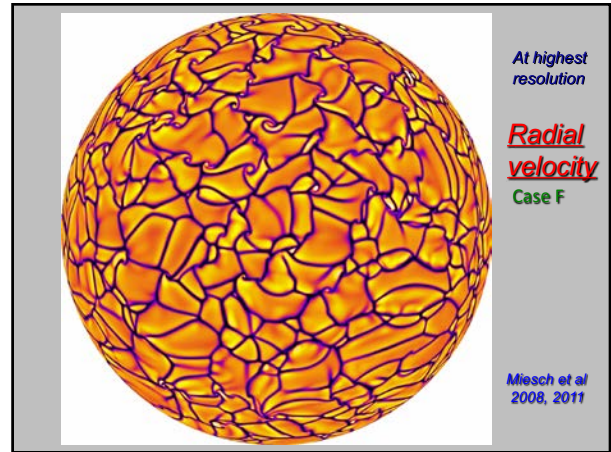
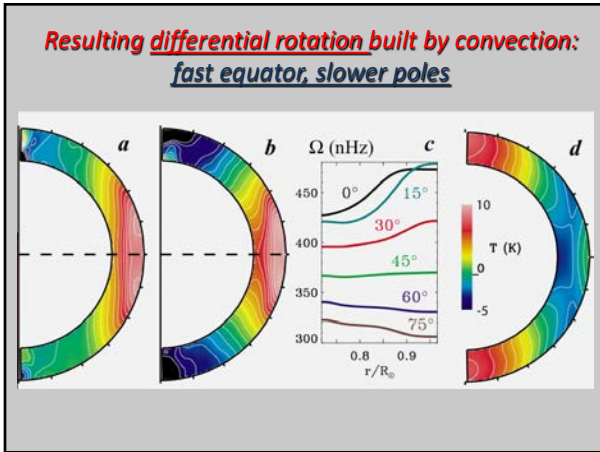
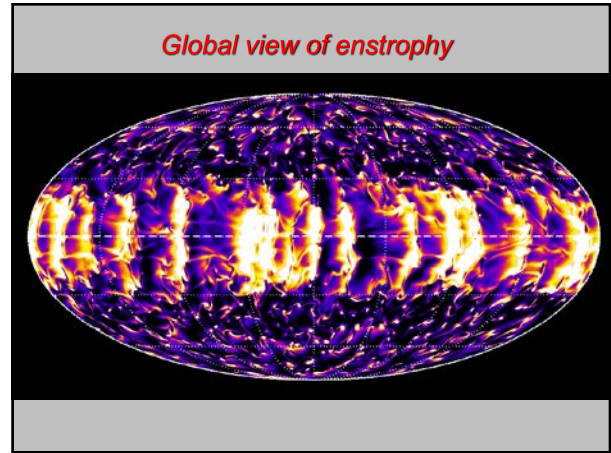
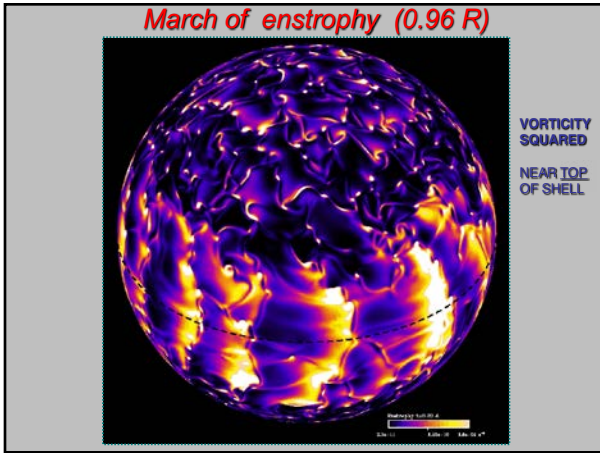
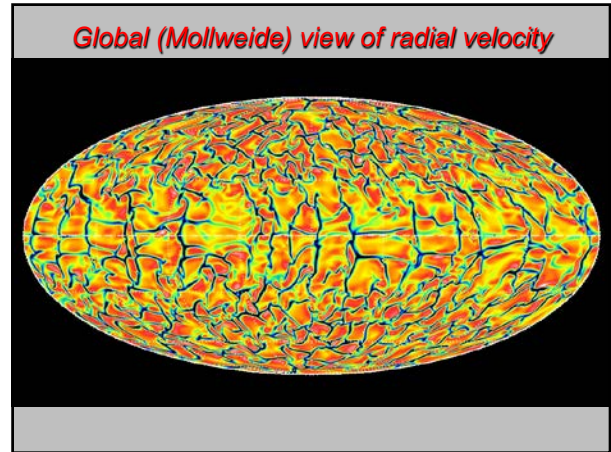
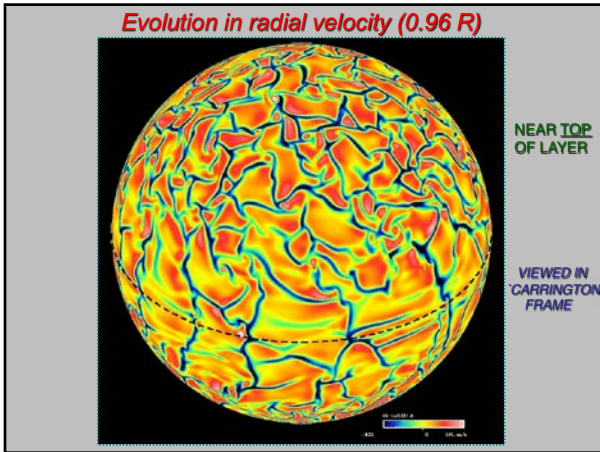
Reasoning Clicker Q B.

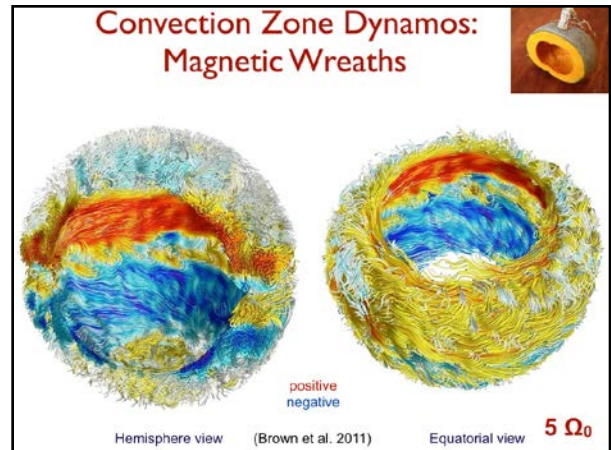
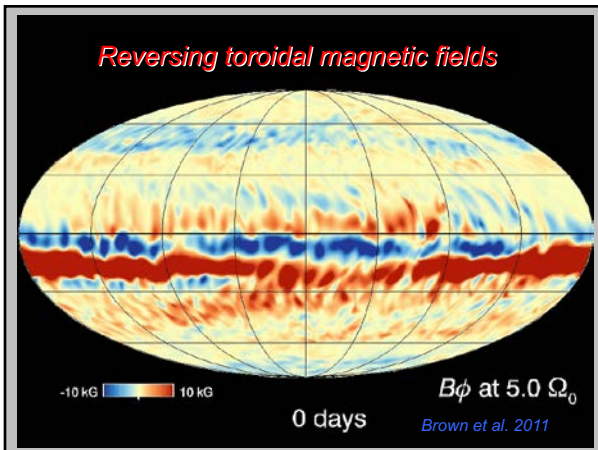
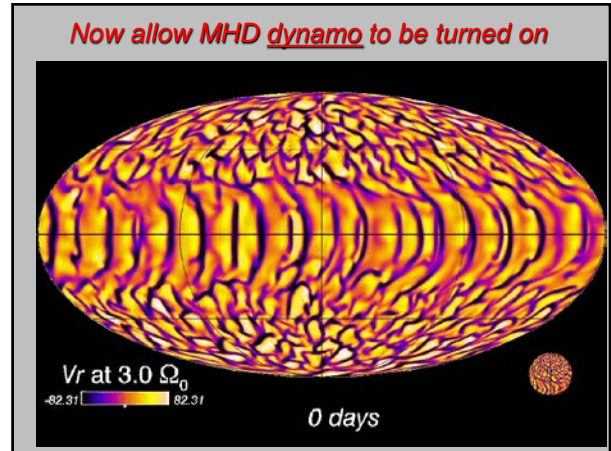
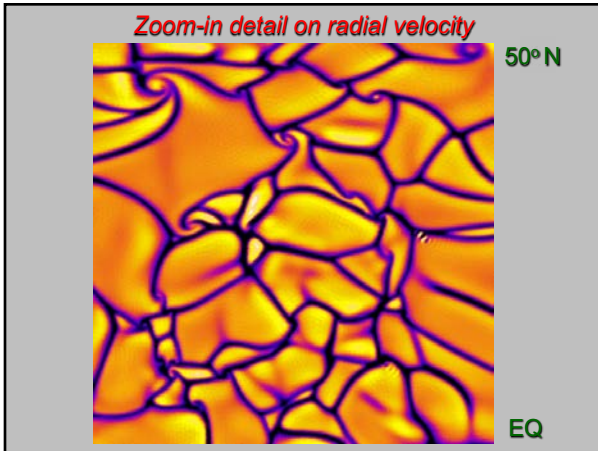
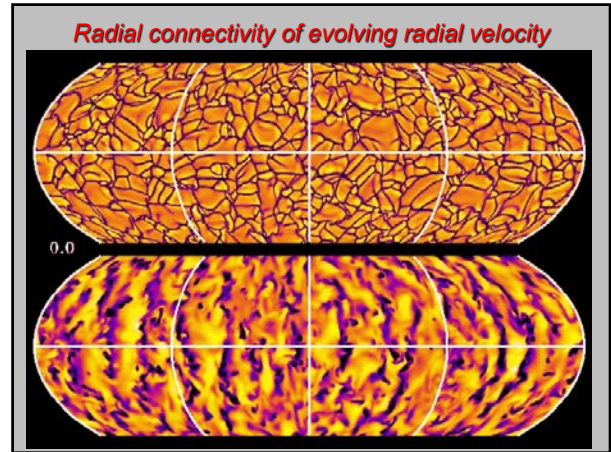
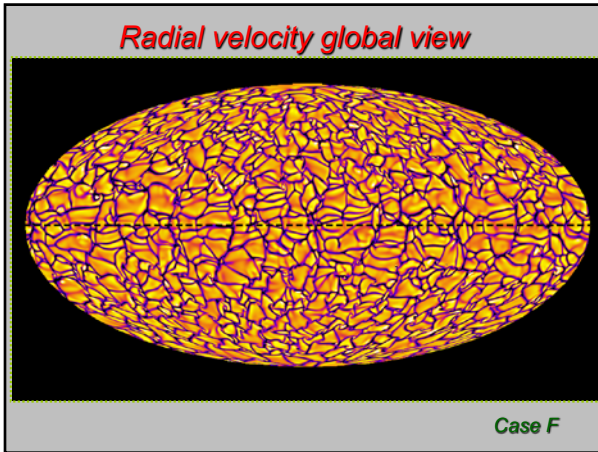
- If the Sun's core went out of balance and shrank a little, what would happen there?
- **A.** Density would decrease and fusion would slow down, releasing less energy
- **B.** Density and temperature would increase and fusion would speed up, releasing more energy
- **C.** The whole Sun would eventually shrink and thus core would come back into balance
- **D.** Not much would really change, so nothing to worry about

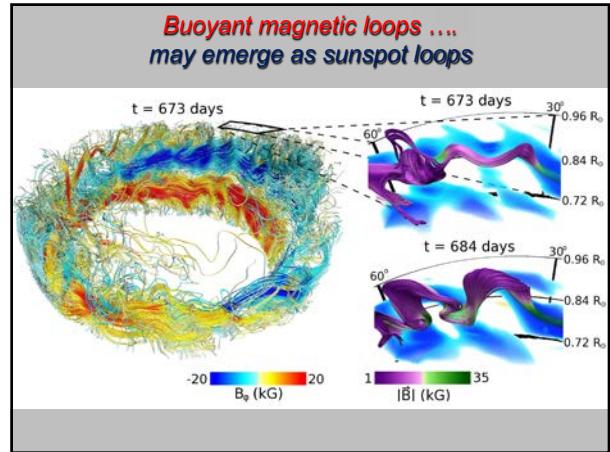
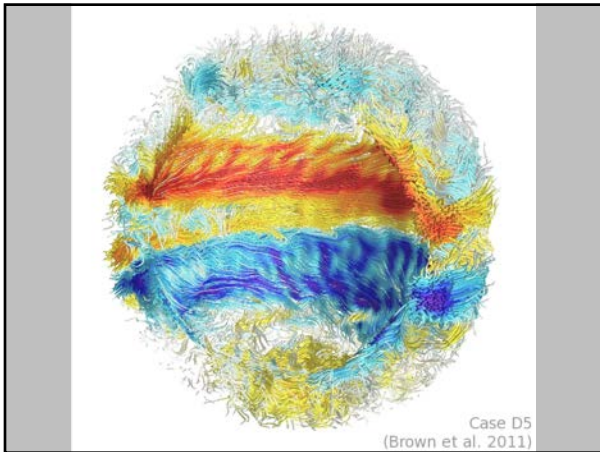
Supercomputer simulations: Global convection & dynamo building of magnetic fields

- Study turbulent convection interacting with rotation in bulk of solar CZ: 0.72 R - 0.97 R
- **Realistic solar mean stratification**
- Simplified physics: perfect gas, radiative diffusivity, compressible, subgrid turbulent transport
- Correct global spherical geometry: full or partial shell

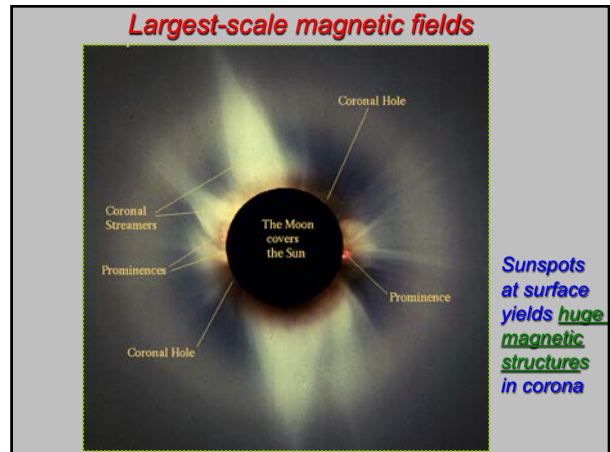
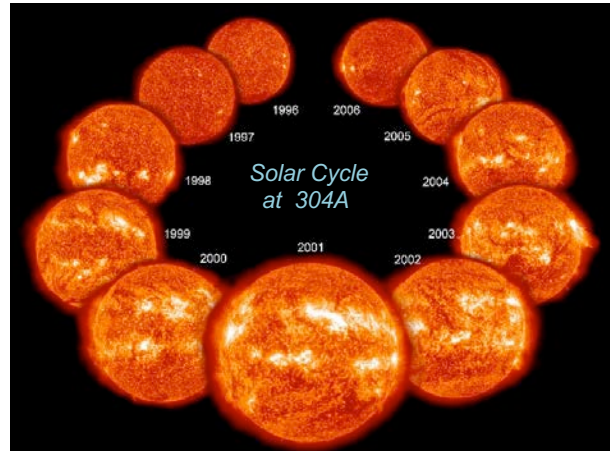




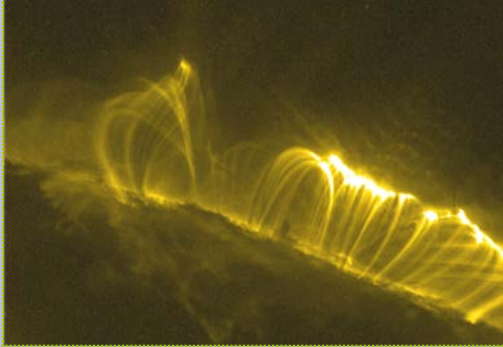




Let us make some plasma!
Demo of TESLA COIL
(Nikola Tesla, not just Musk's all-electric car!)
 Powerful electric fields reach out



But what really is a "magnetic field"?



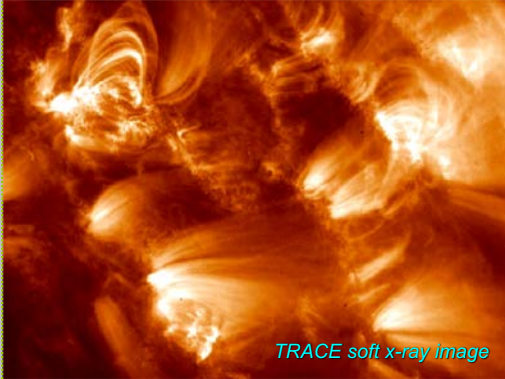
TRACE soft x-ray image: Arcade of magnetic loops on solar limb

Reading Clicker Question

Which is the most likely cause of the extreme heating in the chromosphere and corona?

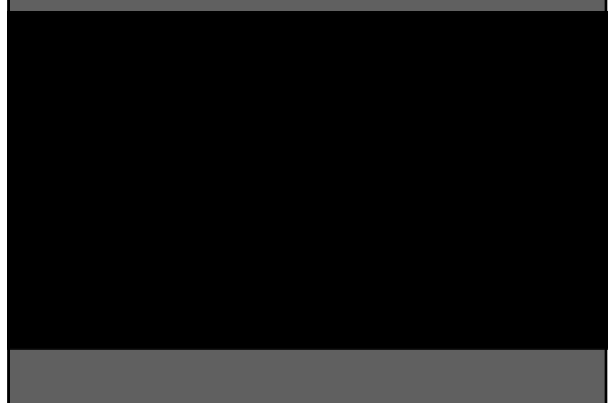
- A. Energy deposited by magnetic fields
- B. Heat rising from the surface of the Sun
- C. Photons created at the photosphere interacting with the solar atmosphere
- D. Neutrino interactions with the solar wind
- E. Ionization of hydrogen just above the surface

Complex "magnetic carpet" in low corona

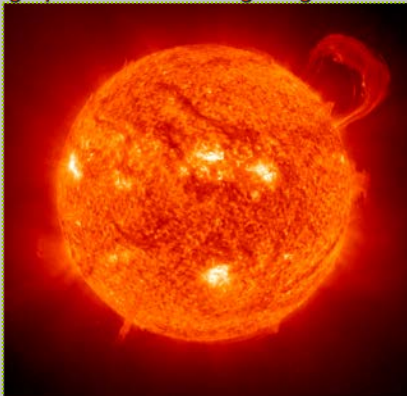


TRACE soft x-ray image

Magnetic Reconnection and Splendid Loops from SDO



Huge prominence is big magnetic loop



Many Faces of the Sun: Composite

