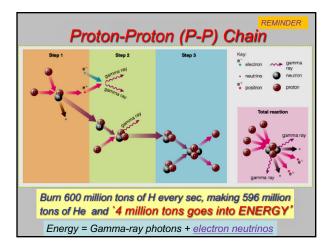


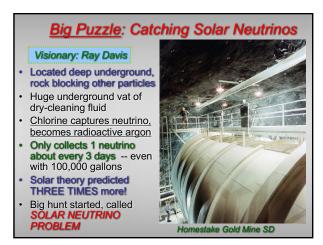
Topics for Today and Tues Energy transport by convection (granulation) Rich solar magnetism and its cycles Sunspots and the "butterfly diagram" How to measure Sun's magnetic fields Start reading Chap 15: Surveying the Stars New Homework #4 passed out; HW #3 due; HW #2 Answers; Observatory #2 tonight <u>Review Set</u> for Mid-Term Exam 1 (next Thurs in class)

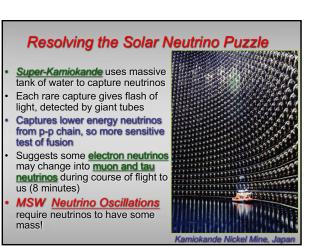


Those Mysterious <u>Neutrinos</u>

MADE BY P-P BURNING IN CORE

- Mass-less or with very small masses, travel close to speed of light
- Don't interact (almost) with other matter: requires lead wall 1 light year thick to stop a neutrino!
- Lots of them: 10³⁸ neutrinos/sec from the Sun, 65 billions/cm²/sec coming through YOU !
- But we can still catch some, using massive underground "detectors": *BIG PUZZLE*



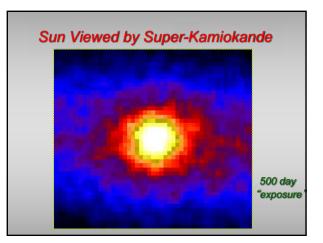


Sudbury Neutrino Observatory (SNO)

- Uses "heavy water" -one H in H₂0 replaced by its stable isotope <u>deuterium</u> (P+N)
- SNO is capturing <u>all</u> <u>three types of neutrinos</u> (electron, muon, tao)
- "Solar neutrino problem"
 leads to big physics advance
 (2002 Nobel Phys Prize; Davis & Koshiba) and (2015 Nobel;
 McDonald & Kajita)







Solar Thermostat

• <u>Why doesn't the Sun go into a runaway</u> reaction? <u>Fusion rate</u> is VERY sensitive to temperature,

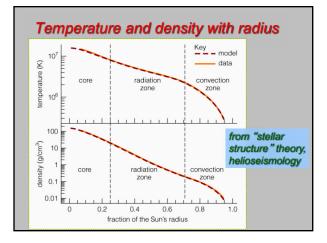
→ tight feedback loop

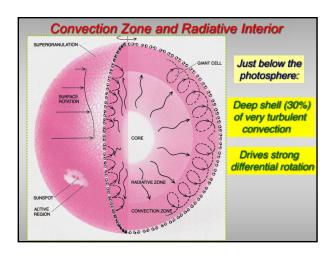
A. If energy generation (fusion rate) speeds up:

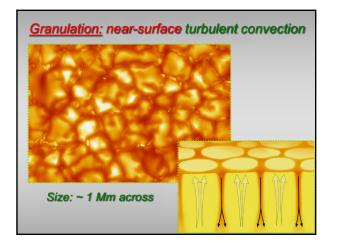
- 1. Pressure in core will increase, lifting the gas against gravity (core expands)
- 2. Gravitational energy is created from thermal energy → the gas cools
- 3. Energy generation (fusion rate) slows down

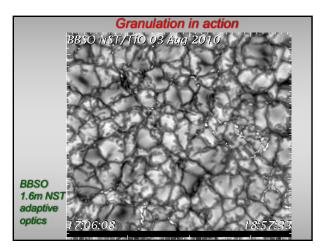
More on solar thermostat

- B. However, if energy generation drops:
- 1. Core pressure drops
- · 2. Solar core starts to shrink
- 3. Temperature rises
- 4. Fusion rates go up again
- Sun is remarkably stable, only small (30%?) increase in fusion rate over billions of years



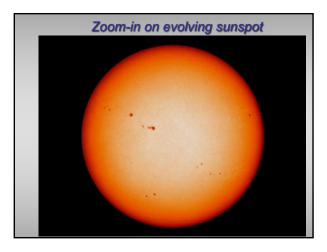


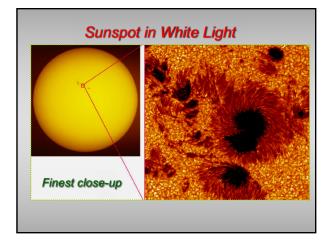


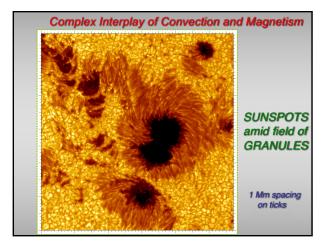


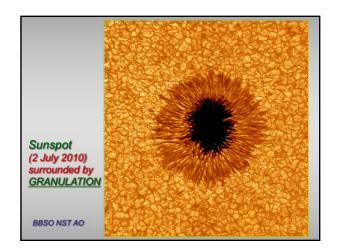
Reading Clicker – Solar Maximum ?

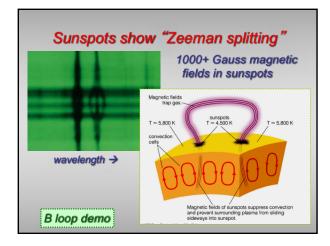
- What observed features characterize the Sun at "solar maximum"?
- A. Sun becomes much brighter
- B. Sun emits light of longer wavelengths
- C. Sun rotates faster at the equator
- D. Many sunspots are visible on surface
- E. All of the above

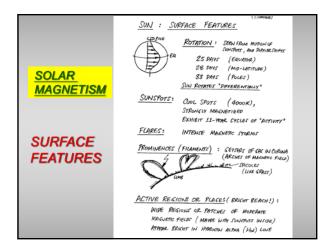


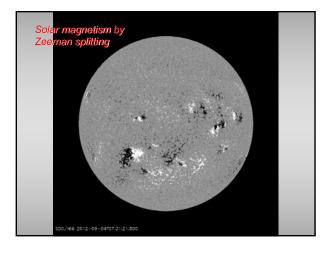


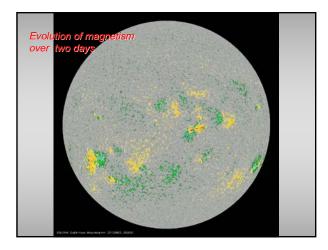


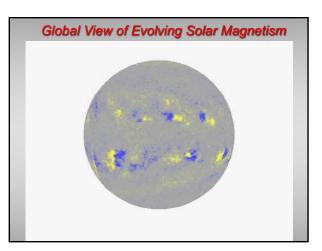


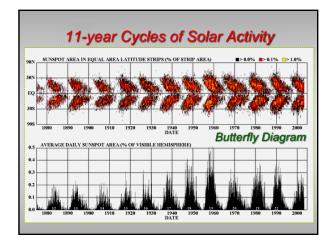


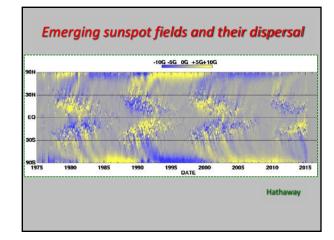












Let us make some plasma! Demo of <u>TESLA COIL</u>

(Nikola Tesla, not just Musk's all-electric car!)

Powerful electric fields reach out